

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

5 A system and method are presented for saving and restoring the state of a diagnostic module in a microprocessor. The diagnostic module contains a complex break state machine, capable of halting the microprocessor at specified breakpoints. These breakpoints are based on combinations of instruction locations and/or data values, along with previous machine states. A problem occurs with prior art diagnostic modules when the processor returns from an exception occurring during a fix-up cycle inserted to handle a data load miss associated with an instruction located in a branch delay slot (the location immediately following a conditional branch instruction). Under these circumstances, the exception handler restores the program counter to the location of the branch instruction, causing the branch to be re-executed. The prior art state machine erroneously updates its internal state a second time when the branch is re-executed. According to the system and method disclosed herein, at each state change the previous machine state saved. Thus, 15 when a branch instruction is re-executed, the complex break state machine of the present invention is restored to its previous state, thereby correcting the error.